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Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Ketorolac Tromethamine Injection, USP (Hospira Inc.)

Product Code(s) PZ03100

Synonyms Ketorolac trometamol
Trade Name: Not applicable
Chemical Family: Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Pharmaceutical product used as Non-steroidal, anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Hospira, A Pfizer Company
275 North Field Drive
Pfizer Ireland Pharmaceuticals
OSG Building

275 North Field Drive OSG Building
Lake Forest, Illinois 60045 Ringaskiddy, Co. Cork.

1-800-879-3477 Ireland

+353 21 4378701

E-mail address pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 International Chemtrec (24 hours):+1-703-527-3887

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS - Classification: Regulated according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 and/or other applicable regulations.

Acute toxicity - Oral Category 5 - (H303)
Reproductive toxicity Category 1A - (H360D)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 - (H373)

OSHA Classification

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Hazards classified under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of 1910.1200

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Not applicable



Signal word **Hazard statements** Danger

H303 - May be harmful if swallowed H360D - May damage the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: kidneys,

gastrointestinal system.

1272/2008)

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and

international regulations as applicable

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards An Occupational Exposure Value has been established for one or more of the ingredients

(see Section 8).

PBT & vPvB The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB.

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

> require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Substances Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous

Chemical name	Weight-%	REACH registration	EC No (EU Index No)	Classification according to	Specific concentration	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)
		number	macx (40)	Regulation (EC) No.	limit (SCL)		(long term)
				1272/2008			

				[CLP]			
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol) (CAS #: 64-17-5)	5 - 10	-	200-578-6 (603-002-00-5)	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	Not classified	No data available	No data available
Ketorolac tromethamine (CAS #: 74103-07-4)	1.5-3.0		Not Listed	Acute Tox.3 (H301) STOT RE 2 (H373) Repr.1A (H360D)	Not classified	No data available	No data available
Sodium hydroxide (CAS #: 1310-73-2)	**	-	215-185-5 (011-002-00-6)	Skin Corr.1A (H314)	Eye Irrit. 2 :: 0.5%<=C<2% Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=5% Skin Corr. 1B :: 2%<=C<5% Skin Irrit. 2 :: 0.5%<=C<2%	No data available	No data available
+ Hydrochloric Acid (CAS #: 7647-01-0)	**	-	231-595-7 (017-002-00-2) (017-002-01-X)	Press. Gas Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Acute Tox. 3 (H331)	Eye Irrit. 2 :: 10%<=C<25% Skin Corr. 1B :: C>=25% Skin Irrit. 2 :: 10%<=C<25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=10%	No data available	No data available
NonHazardous							
Chemical name	Weight-%	REACH registration number	EC No (EU Index No)	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Specific concentration limit (SCL)	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)
Water (CAS #: 7732-18-5)	*	-	231-791-2	Not classified	Not classified	No data available	No data available
SODIUM CHLORIDE (CAS #: 7647-14-5)	*	-	231-598-3	Not classified	Not classified	No data available	No data available

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

Acute Toxicity Estimate

Chemical name	Oral LD50 mg/kg		Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - dust/mist - mg/L	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - vapor - mg/L	Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - gas - ppm
Water 7732-18-5	89838.9	No data available	•	No data available	No data available
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol) 64-17-5	7060	No data available	116.9 133.8	No data available	No data available
Ketorolac tromethamine 74103-07-4	112	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5	3550	10000	No data available	No data available	No data available
Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2	325	1350	No data available	No data available	No data available
+ Hydrochloric Acid 7647-01-0	238	5010	No data available	No data available	563.3022

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This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >=0.1% (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59).

Additional information

- * Proprietary
- ** to adjust pH
- + Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace safety. In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has been withheld as a trade secret. Non-hazardous ingredients provided for completeness.

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Eye contact

Consult a physician.

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek Skin contact

medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do Ingestion

not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention

immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Most important symptoms and

effects

For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians None.

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2 or water spray.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Fine particles (such as mists) may fuel fires/explosions.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire. **Hazardous combustion products**

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact No information available. No information available. Sensitivity to static discharge

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment and Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

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Use personal protection equipment. precautions for fire-fighters

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be

taken to avoid environmental release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spill with absorbent material. Clean

spill area thoroughly.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information. Reference to other sections

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash thoroughly after handling. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors,

HEPA filtration systems or other equivalent controls.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. General hygiene considerations

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store as directed by product packaging. **Storage Conditions**

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) Pharmaceutical product used as. Non-steroidal, anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID).

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Ketorolac tromethamine

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 30 µg/m³

Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)

ACGIH TLV	STEL: 1000 ppm
Austria	TWA-TMW: 1000 ppm;
	TWA-TMW: 1900 mg/m ³ ;

STEL-KZGW: 2000 ppm (3 X 60 min); STEL-KZGW: 3800 mg/m3 (3 X 60 min);

Bulgaria TWA: 1000 mg/m3;

Czech Republic 1000 mg/m³

Ceiling: 3000 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm; Denmark TWA: 1900 mg/m³;

STEL: 2000 ppm; STEL: 3800 mg/m³; TWA: 500 ppm;

Estonia TWA: 1000 mg/m³; STEL: 1000 ppm;

STEL: 1900 mg/m3; TWA: 1000 ppm; TWA: 1900 mg/m³; STEL: 1300 ppm; STEL: 2500 mg/m3;

France 1900 mg/m³

Germany DFG TWA-MAK: 200 ppm; II(4);

TWA-MAK: 380 mg/m3; II(4);

Peak: 800 ppm; Peak: 1520 mg/m3;

Germany TRGS TWA-AGW; 200 ppm (exposure factor 4); TWA-AGW; 380 mg/m3 (exposure factor 4);

Hungary TWA-AK: 1000 ppm;

TWA-AK: 1900 mg/m3; STEL-CK: 2000 ppm; STEL-CK: 3800 mg/m3; STEL: 1000 ppm; TWA: 1000 mg/m³;

TWA: 137 ppm; TWA: 260 mg/m³; STEL: 1000 ppm; STEL: 1900 mg/m³;

Sk

Poland TWA-NDS: 1900 mg/m3;

Romania TWA: 1000 ppm; TWA: 1900 mg/m³;

STEL: 5000 ppm; STEL: 9500 mg/m3; TWA: 1000 mg/m³ MAC: 2000 mg/m3

Slovakia TWA: 500 ppm; TWA: 960 mg/m3;

Ceiling: 1920 mg/m3; STEL (VLA-EC): 1000 ppm;

Spain STEL (VLA-EC): 1910 mg/m3; Switzerland

TWA-MAK: 500 ppm; TWA-MAK: 960 mg/m³; STEL-KZGW: 1000 ppm; STEL-KZGW: 1920 mg/m3;

OSHA PEL TWA: 1000 ppm

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m³

Finland

Ireland

Latvia

Russia

Netherlands

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United Kingdom TWA: 1000 ppm; TWA: 1920 mg/m³; STEL: 3000 ppm;

STEL: 5760 mg/m3; **SODIUM CHLORIDE**

TWA: 5 mg/m³; Latvia Russia MAC: 5 mg/m³

Sodium hydroxide 2 mg/m³ ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)

ACGIH TLV Ceiling: 2 mg/m3 TWA-TMW: 2 mg/m³; inhalable fraction Austria

STEL-KZGW: 4 mg/m³ (8 X 5 min); inhalable fraction

Bulgaria TWA: 2.0 mg/m³; alkaline aerosols Czech Republic 1 mg/m³

Ceiling: 2 mg/m3 Ceiling: 2 mg/m3; Denmark TWA: 1 mg/m³; Estonia

STEL: 2 mg/m3; Finland Ceiling: 2 mg/m3; France 2 mg/m³

Hungary TWA-AK: 1 mg/m³; STEL-CK: 2 mg/m3; Ireland STEL: 2 mg/m³;

Ceiling Limit Value 2 mg/m^3 TWA: 0.5 mg/m³; Latvia Poland TWA-NDS: 0.5 mg/m³;

STEL-NDSCh: 1 mg/m3; Romania TWA: 1 mg/m³;

STEL: 3 mg/m3; Slovakia TWA: 2 mg/m³; Spain STEL (VLA-EC): 2 mg/m3;

TWA-MAK: 2 mg/m3; inhalable dust Switzerland STEL-KZGW: 2 mg/m3; inhalable dust

OSHA PEL TWA: 2 mg/m³

(vacated) Ceiling: 2 mg/m3

United Kingdom STEL: 2 mg/m3; + Hydrochloric Acid

ACGIH OEL (Ceiling) 2 ppm **ACGIH TLV** Ceiling: 2 ppm Austria TWA-TMW: 5 ppm;

TWA-TMW: 8 mg/m³; STEL-KZGW: 10 ppm (8 X 5 min);

STEL-KZGW: 15 mg/m3 (8 X 5 min); Bulgaria

TWA: 5 ppm; TWA: 8.0 mg/m³; STEL: 10 ppm; STEL: 15.0 mg/m3;

Czech Republic 8 mg/m³ Ceiling: 15 mg/m³

STEL: 8 mg/m3; TWA: 5 ppm; Estonia TWA: 8 mg/m³;

STEL: 10 ppm; STEL: 15 mg/m³; TWA: 5 ppm; TWA: 8 mg/m³;

STEL: 5 ppm;

European Union STEL: 10 ppm;

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Denmark

Finland	STEL: 15 mg/m³; STEL: 5 ppm;
Germany DFG	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ ; TWA-MAK: 2 ppm; I(2); TWA-MAK: 3.0 mg/m ³ ; I(2);
	Peak: 4 ppm; Peak: 6 mg/m³;
Germany TRGS	TWA-AGW; 2 ppm (exposure factor 2); TWA-AGW; 3 mg/m³ (exposure factor 2);
Hungary	TWA-AK: 8 mg/m ³ ;
	TWA-AK: 5 ppm; STEL-CK: 165 mg/m³;
Ireland	STEL-CK: 10 ppm; TWA: 8 mg/m³;
	TWA: 5 ppm; STEL: 10 ppm;
Italy MDLPS	STEL: 15 mg/m³; TWA: 5 ppm;
·	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL: 15 mg/m³r
Ceiling Limit Value	STEL: 15 mg/m³; 2 ppm
Centing Limit value	3.0 mg/m ³
Latvia	TWA: 5 ppm;
	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL: 10 ppm;
Netherlands	STEL: 15 mg/m³; TWA: 5 ppm;
Homonanao	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL: 10 ppm;
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ ;
Poland	TWA-NDS: 5 mg/m³;
Romania	STEL-NDSCh: 10 mg/m³; TWA: 5 ppm;
Nomania	TWA: 3 ppm, TWA: 8 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL: 10 ppm;
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ ;
Russia	MAC: 5 mg/m ³
Slovakia	TWA: 5 ppm; TWA: 8.0 mg/m³;
	Ceiling: 15 mg/m³;
Spain	TWA-(VLA-ED): 5 ppm;
	TWA-(VLA-ED): 7.6 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL (VLA-EC): 10 ppm;
Switzerland	STEL (VLA-EC): 15 mg/m³; TWA-MAK: 2 ppm;
- Maconard	TWA-MAK: 3 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL-KZGW: 4 ppm;
11.0 OOUA E: 1.DEL O. 11. 11. 11	STEL-KZGW: 6 mg/m³;
U.S OSHA - Final PELs - Ceiling Limits	5 ppm 7 mg/m³
OSHA PEL	Ceiling: 5 ppm
	Ceiling: 7 mg/m ³
	(vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm
United Kingdom	(vacated) Ceiling: 7 mg/m³
United Kingdom	TWA: 1 ppm; gas and aerosol mist TWA: 2 mg/m³; gas and aerosol mist
	STEL: 5 ppm; gas and aerosol mist
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STEL: 8 mg/m3; gas and aerosol mist

Pfizer Occupational Exposure Band

(OEB) Statement:

The purpose of the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) classification system is to separate substances into different Hazard categories when the available data are sufficient to do so, but inadequate to establish an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL). The OEB given is based upon an analysis of all currently available data; as such, this value may be subject to revision when new information becomes available.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pfizer Occupational Exposure

Band (OEB):

OEB 1 (control exposure to the range of 1000ug/m³ to 3000ug/m³)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General **Engineering controls**

> room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Personal protective equipment Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal

protective equipment (PPE). Contact your safety and health professional or safety equipment supplier for assistance in selecting the correct protective clothing/equipment based on an assessment of the workplace conditions, other chemicals used or present in

the workplace and specific operational processes.

Eve/face protection Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible. (Eye protection must meet the

standards in accordance with EN166, ANSI Z87.1 or international equivalent.).

Impervious disposable gloves (e.g. Nitrile, etc.) (double recommended) if skin contact with Hand protection

drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations. (Protective gloves must meet

the standards in accordance with EN374, ASTM F1001 or international equivalent.).

Skin and body protection Impervious disposable protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product

> is possible and for bulk processing operations. (Protective clothing must meet the standards in accordance with EN13982, ANSI 103 or international equivalent.).

Under normal conditions of use, if the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is Respiratory protection

> exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL (e.g. particulate respirator with a full mask, P3 filter).

(Respirators must meet the standards in accordance with EN136, EN143, ASTM F2704-10

or international equivalent.).

Thermal hazards No information available.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Solution **Appearance** Physical state Liquid

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Color Clear to Light yellow Odor Alcohol. Slight.

No information available **Odor threshold**

Property Values

Melting point / freezing point No data available No data available Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Lower explosion limit No data available Upper explosion limit No data available Flash point 55 (ethanol)

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature SADT (°C) No data available

6.9-7.9 pH (as aqueous solution) No data available No data available Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity No data available

Solubility Soluble Water Vapor pressure No data available

Density and/or relative density 0.991

Bulk density No data available **Liquid Density** No data available Vapor density No data available

Particle characteristics **Particle Size** No information available

Particle Size Distribution No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular formula Mixture Molecular weight Mixture

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No information available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No information available

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact No information available. Sensitivity to static discharge No information available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No information available.

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur. 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Fine particles (such as mists) may fuel fires/explosions. As a precautionary measure, keep

away from heat sources and electrostatic discharge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materialsAs a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products No data available.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients

Short term Accidental ingestion may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use. Individuals

sensitive to this chemical or other materials in its chemical class may develop allergic

reactions.

Known Clinical Effects: Other nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) are known to impact delivery, late fetal

development, and lactation. Ingestion of this material may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use including serious gastrointestinal toxicity such as bleeding, ulceration, and perforation and kidney toxicity. Clinical use of this drug has caused headache,

dizziness, blurred vision, ringing of the ears, skin rash, itching, swelling, and liver effects.

May be harmful if swallowed. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization
STOT - single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Classification is

based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)

Acute toxicity

Mouse Oral LD50 3450 mg/kg Rat Oral LD50 7060 mg/kg

Rat Inhalation LC50 10h 20,000 ppm

Ketorolac tromethamine

Rat Oral LD50 112 mg/kg Mouse Oral LD50 400 mg/kg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Rat Sub-tenon injection (eye) LC50/1hr > 42 g/m³

Rat Oral LD 50 3 g/kg Mouse Oral LD 50 4 g/kg Rabbit Dermal LD 50 > 10 g/kg

Sodium hydroxide

Mouse IP LD50 40 mg/kg

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Water	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)	= 7060 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 116.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 133.8 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Ketorolac tromethamine	= 189 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

SODIUM CHLORIDE	= 3550 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 42 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Sodium hydroxide	= 325 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
+ Hydrochloric Acid	238 - 277 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5010 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 1.68 mg/L (Rat)1 h

Acute Toxicity Comments:

A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not

achievable at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)
Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe
Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild

Ketorolac tromethamine

Skin Sensitization - GPMT Guinea Pig Negative

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Skin irritation Rabbit Mild Eye irritation Rabbit Mild

Sodium hydroxide

Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe Skin Irritation Rabbit Severe

+ Hydrochloric Acid

Skin irritation Severe Eye irritation Severe

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Ketorolac tromethamine

3 Month(s) Monkey Intramuscular 4.5 mg/kg/day LOAEL None identified 6 Month(s) Mouse Oral 3.3 mg/kg/day LOAEL Gastrointestinal system

6 Month(s) Monkey Oral 0.75 mg/kg/day LOAEL None identified

12 Month(s) Monkey Oral 0.75 mg/kg/day LOAEL Kidney

Reproduction & Development Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Ketorolac tromethamine

Reproductive & Fertility-Females Rat Oral 16 mg/kg/day NOAEL Negative

Reproductive & Fertility-Males Rat Oral 9 mg/kg/day NOAEL Negative

Prenatal & Postnatal Development Rabbit Oral 3.6 mg/kg/day NOAEL Negative

Prenatal & Postnatal Development Rat Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Negative

Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Oral 3.6 mg/kg/day NOAEL No effects at maximum dose

Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 3.6 mg/kg/day NOAEL No effects at maximum dose

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Ketorolac tromethamine

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella, E. coli Negative

Unscheduled DNA Synthesis Not specified Negative

In Vivo Micronucleus Mouse Negative

+ Hydrochloric Acid

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

In Vivo Micronucleus Rat Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Ketorolac tromethamine

24 Month(s) Rat Oral 5 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

18 Month(s) Mouse Oral 2 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity of the mixture has not been determined. Alcohol is listed as a carcinogen

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by IARC. The IARC monograph examining the carcinogenic potential of ethanol examined

only alcoholic beverages. See below

Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)

Group 1 NTP Known

+ Hydrochloric Acid

Group 3 IARC

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Endocrine disrupting properties**

11.2.2. Other information

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The environmental characteristics of this mixture have not been fully evaluated. Releases to **Environmental Overview:**

the environment should be avoided.

12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)

Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout) NPDES LC50 96 Hours 12,900 mg/L

Fingerling Trout NPDES LC50 24 Hours 11200 mg/L

Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow) NPDES LC50 96 Hours 14200 mg/L

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment	
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)	Not PBT/vPvB PBT assessment does not apply	
SODIUM CHLORIDE	Not PBT/vPvB PBT assessment does not apply	
Sodium hydroxide	Not PBT/vPvB PBT assessment does not apply	
+ Hydrochloric Acid	Not PBT/vPvB PBT assessment does not apply	

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12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available. Other adverse effects

PMT or vPvM properties Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural wastewater and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

UN number: Not applicable UN proper shipping name: Not applicable Not applicable Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable Packing group: **Environmental Hazard(s):** Not applicable

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Water

CERCLA/SARA Section 313 de minimus % Not Listed **California Proposition 65** Not Listed Present **TSCA** 231-791-2 **EINECS** Present **AICS**

Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)

CERCLA/SARA Section 313 de minimus % Not Listed California Proposition 65 Carcinogen

Developmental

TSCA Present 200-578-6 **EINECS AICS** Present

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Ketorolac tromethamine

CERCLA/SARA Section 313 de minimus % Not Listed
California Proposition 65 Not Listed
EINECS Not Listed
Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Schedule 4

Poisons (SUSMP) SODIUM CHLORIDE

CERCLA/SARA Section 313 de minimus % Not Listed California Proposition 65 Not Listed TSCA Present EINECS 231-598-3 AICS Present

Sodium hydroxide

CERCLA/SARA Section 313 de minimus % Not Listed 1000 lb **Hazardous Substances RQs** Not Listed **California Proposition 65 TSCA** Present **EINECS** 215-185-5 **AICS** Present Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Schedule 5 Poisons (SUSMP) Schedule 6

+ Hydrochloric Acid

CERCLA/SARA Section 313 de minimus % 1.0 % **Hazardous Substances RQs** 5000 lb **California Proposition 65** Not Listed **TSCA** Present **EINECS** 231-595-7 **AICS** Present Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Schedule 5 Poisons (SUSMP) Schedule 6

National regulations

France

Occupational Illnesses (R-463-3, France)

Occupational linesses (K-463-3, France)	
Chemical name	French RG number
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)	RG 84
64-17-5	
SODIUM CHLORIDE	RG 78
7647-14-5	

Germany

Chemical Prohibition Ordinance (ChemVerbotsV)

Not applicable

TRGS 905 Not applicable

Chemical name	Netherlands - List of	Netherlands - List of Mutagens	Netherlands - List of
	Carcinogens		Reproductive Toxins
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)	Present	-	Fertility Category 1A
64-17-5			Development Category 1A
			Can be harmful via
			breastfeeding

Switzerland

Ordinance on the Incentive Tax on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC) SR 814.018
Storage of Hazardous Material
WPO (GSchV) SR 814.201; WPA (GSchG) SR 814.20
Major Accidents Ordinance SR 814.012
Not applicable
Not applicable

European Union

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Authorizations and/or restrictions on use:

This product contains one or more substance(s) subject to restriction (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XVII)

	,	(:=::::,, : :::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Chemical name	Restricted substance per REACH	Substance subject to authorization per
	Annex XVII	REACH Annex XIV
Sodium hydroxide	75	-
1310-73-2		
+ Hydrochloric Acid	75	-
7647-01-0		

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not applicable

Named dangerous substances per Seveso Directive (2012/18/EU)

Chemical name	Lower-tier requirements (tons)	Upper-tier requirements (tons)
+ Hydrochloric Acid	25	250
7647-01-0		

Ozone-depleting substances (ODS) Regulation (EU) 2024/590

Not applicable.

EU - Plant Protection Products (1107/2009/EC)

Chemical name	EU - Plant Protection Products (1107/2009/EC)
SODIUM CHLORIDE	Plant protection agent
7647-14-5	

Biocidal Products Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 (BPR)

Chemical name	Biocidal Products Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 (BPR)
Ethyl alcohol (ethanol)	Product-type 1: Human hygiene Product-type 2:
64-17-5	Disinfectants and algaecides not intended for direct
	application to humans or animals Product-type 4: Food and
	feed area
SODIUM CHLORIDE	Product-type 1: Human hygiene
7647-14-5	
+ Hydrochloric Acid	Product-type 2: Disinfectants and algaecides not intended
7647-01-0	for direct application to humans or animals

Explosives Precursors Marketing and Use (2019/1148)

Not applicable

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Report No information available

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Full text of any hazard and/or precautionary statements referred to under Sections 2-15

H301 - Toxic if swallowed. H331 - Toxic if inhaled. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H360D - May damage the unborn child. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Data Sources: Pfizer proprietary drug development information. Safety data sheets for individual

ingredients.

Reason for revision SDS review

Revision date 17-Jun-2025

Prepared By Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.